PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

REC'D 23 FEB 2006

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 2004282C4090	FOR FURTHER ACTIO	DN s	ee Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No. PCT/JP2004/017225	International filing date (day/n 12.11.2004	nonth/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 31.03.2004		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC G06F9/50, G06F9/46, G06F11/00					
Applicant TOYOTA JIDOSHA KABUSHIKI KA	AISHA et al.		·		
Authority under Article 35 and tran	nsmitted to the applicant acc	cording to Article 36.	International Preliminary Examining		
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 6 sheets, including this cover sheet.					
3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:					
a. \square sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of sheets, as follows:					
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).					
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.					
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).					
This report contains indications relating to the following items:					
☐ Box No. I Basis of the opi	inion				
☐ Box No. II Priority			12 deste 1 a 19 de 1906 de		
		o novelty, inventive s	step and industrial applicability		
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of		nt	inventive stap or industrial		
applicability; cit	ement under Article 35(2) wi cations and explanations sup	ith regard to novelty, oporting such statem	inventive step of industrial ent		
☐ Box No. VI Certain docume		ion			
☐ Box No. VII Certain defects					
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observe	ations on the international a	ррисации			
Date of submission of the demand		ate of completion of thi	s report		
31.05.2005		1.02.2006			
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:		uthorized Officer	Grand Pataneam, C.		
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REC'D	2 3 FEB 2006
WIPC	International application No. PCT/JP2004/017225

	D N. I	Desir of the yearst	
	Box No. I		
1.	With regard to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it v filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.		
	which □ inte □ pul □ inte	report is based on translations from the original language into the following language, a is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of: remational search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ublication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) remational preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	
2.	have heen	rd to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on <i>(replacement sheets which furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):</i>	
	Description	n, Pages	
	1-15	as originally filed	
	Claims, Nu	umbers	
	1-4	as originally filed	
	Drawings,	, Sheets	
	1-3	as originally filed	
	□ a seq	quence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing	
3.	☐ the ☐ the ☐ the	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: ne description, pages ne claims, Nos. ne drawings, sheets/figs ne sequence listing (specify): ny table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	
4.	had not be Suppleme ☐ th ☐ th ☐ th ☐ th ☐ th ☐ ar	report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the ental Box (Rule 70.2(c)). The description, pages the claims, Nos. The drawings, sheets/figs The sequence listing (specify): The sequence listing (specify):	
	* Tf i	item 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."	

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-4

No:

Claims

Yes: Claims

Claims No:

1-4

1-4

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

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Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. **Documents**

Reference is made to the following documents:

RUSSINOVICH, M: "Inside the Windows NT Scheduler, Part 2", pages 1-6, D1 WEBSITE OF WINDOWS-IT-PRO MAGAZINE, [Online] August 1997 (1997-08), XP002318776; Retrieved from the Internet: URL:http://www.windowsitpro.com/Articles/P rint.cfm?ArticleID=303> [retrieved on 2005-02-22]

Inventiveness of claim 1 2.

The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the 1. subject-matter of the claim, and discloses (the references in parentheses applying to this document):

a task execution system including at least two processors, comprising:

a task management table registered with an associated relationship between at least a task, a main execution processor for executing the task and an in-charge-of-stoppage processor for executing the task when said main execution processor stops (for the "main execution processor" see the "ideal processor" in page 2, paragraph 10, last line: "A programmer can assign an ideal processor to a thread."; this "ideal processor" is listed in the "hard-affinity" table of paragraph 8, line 2: "The hard affinity of a thread is essentially a list of processors that the thread can execute on"; the "in-charge-of-stoppage processor" is another processor listed in the hard-affinity table);

a selecting unit selecting an executable task from among tasks registered in said task management table (page 2, paragraph 8, line 3: "the scheduler will never schedule a thread on a nonlisted processor", i.e. not listed in the hard-affinity table);

a checking unit checking, if a processor other than said processor trying to

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execute the selected task is registered as said main execution processor for the selected task, a *busy* state of said processor registered as said main execution processor (page 2, paragraph 11, line 1: "The scheduler tries to schedule a thread on its ideal CPU, but if that CPU is busy with a higher-priority thread, the scheduler looks at other processors in the thread's hard-affinity list."); and

an executing unit executing the selected task if said processor registered as said main execution processor remains *busy* (a second processor in the hard-affinity table executes the task if the ideal processor is busy).

- 2. Thus, the **difference** between the subject-matter of the claim and that of D1 is that the second processor is used only if the first processor has stopped, and not already if the first processor is busy with a higher-priority task as in D1.
- 3. The **problem** to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as assuring the execution of a task in case of a stopped first processor (the "main execution processor") assigned to a task.
- 4. The **solution** proposed cannot be considered as involving an inventive step since the solution merely consists in *weakening* the condition that determines when the task migrates to the second processor of the hard-affinity table: In D1, the first processor being busy with a higher-priority task is already enough for the scheduler to migrate the task. In the claim, the overall performance of the first processor must have decreased to zero (the processor being "completely busy", i.e. stopped), before the scheduler migrates the task. A skilled person obviously would weaken the migration condition of D1 if the problem of assuring the execution of a task only for a *stopped* first processor had been posed, while neglecting the performance of the whole system.
- 5. Therefore, the subject-matter of this claim is **not inventive** in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.
- 3. Inventiveness of independent system claim 2

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Since the second independent system claims 2 merely contains two unspecific "judging units" in addition to system claim 1 without disclosing their functioning or their internal structure, the objections concerning lack of inventive step of claim 1 apply accordingly to this claim.

4. Inventiveness of independent method and program claims 3 and 4

Since method and program claims 3 and 4 only contain steps and means that correspond to the features of system claim 1, the objections concerning lack of inventive step of claim 1 apply accordingly to these claims.